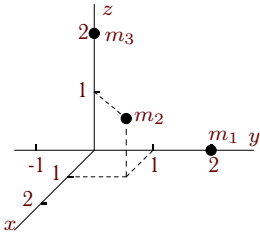


Теорема об изменении момента количества движения системы

Твердое тело вращается вокруг оси z по закону $\varphi = \varphi(t)$. Даны моменты инерции тела (кгм^2) и координаты (в метрах) трех точек с массами $m_1 = 1$ кг, $m_2 = 2$ кг и $m_3 = 3$ кг. Найти момент равнодействующей сил, приложенных к телу относительно начала координат при $t = 0$.

Задача D36.1.

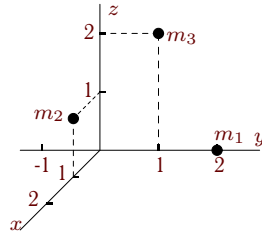
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= t^2 \cos(t), \\ J_{xz} &= 6, \\ J_{yz} &= 7, \\ J_z &= 4.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.2.

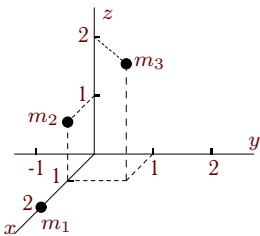
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= 2t \sin(t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= -1, \\ J_{yz} &= 6, \\ J_z &= 3.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.3.

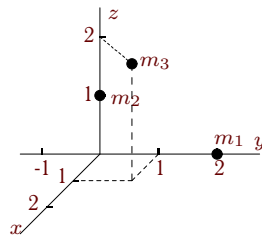
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= 5t \sin(t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= -6, \\ J_{yz} &= 2, \\ J_z &= 4.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.4.

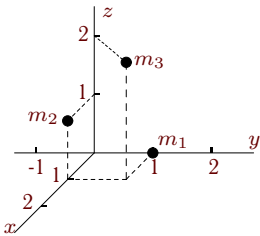
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= 2t/(1 - t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= 0, \\ J_{yz} &= 6, \\ J_z &= 2.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.5.

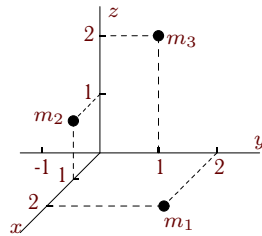
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= t/(1 - t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= -5, \\ J_{yz} &= -2, \\ J_z &= 3.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.6.

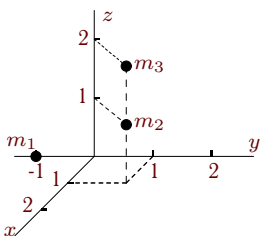
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= 3t(1 + t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= 6, \\ J_{yz} &= 10, \\ J_z &= 3.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.7.

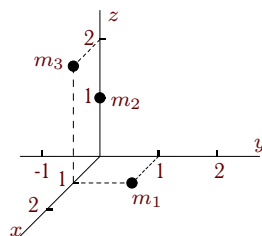
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= 3te^{2t}, \\ J_{xz} &= -4, \\ J_{yz} &= 12, \\ J_z &= 11.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.8.

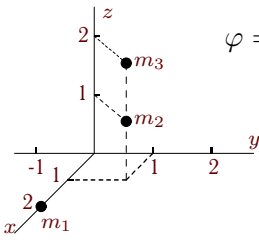
3



$$\begin{aligned}\varphi &= \ln(1 + t), \\ J_{xz} &= 2, \\ J_{yz} &= 9, \\ J_z &= 7.\end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.9.

3



$$\varphi = 3\sqrt{2t+1}/(t+1),$$

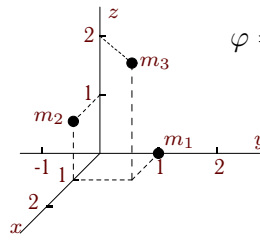
$$J_{xz} = 0,$$

$$J_{yz} = 8,$$

$$J_z = 2.$$

Задача D36.10.

3



$$\varphi = 3\sqrt{2t+1}/(t+1),$$

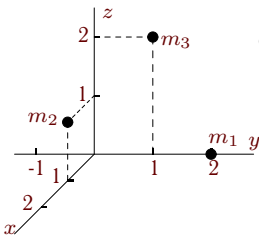
$$J_{xz} = 0,$$

$$J_{yz} = 10,$$

$$J_z = 7.$$

Задача D36.11.

3



$$\varphi = 3t \ln(1+t/2),$$

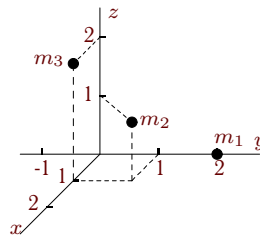
$$J_{xz} = 6,$$

$$J_{yz} = 10,$$

$$J_z = 7.$$

Задача D36.12.

3



$$\varphi = 4t/(1-t/2),$$

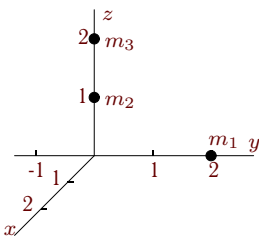
$$J_{xz} = 0,$$

$$J_{yz} = 14,$$

$$J_z = 5.$$

Задача D36.13.

3



$$\varphi = 5te^{t/2},$$

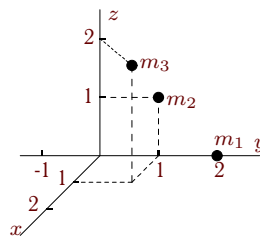
$$J_{xz} = 1,$$

$$J_{yz} = 12,$$

$$J_z = 8.$$

Задача D36.14.

3



$$\varphi = t\sqrt{t+1},$$

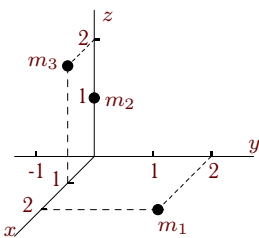
$$J_{xz} = 3,$$

$$J_{yz} = 10,$$

$$J_z = 6.$$

Задача D36.15.

3



$$\varphi = 5 \ln(1+t),$$

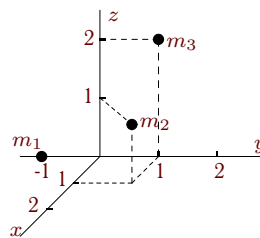
$$J_{xz} = 3,$$

$$J_{yz} = 18,$$

$$J_z = 7.$$

Задача D36.16.

3



$$\varphi = 2 \ln(1+t),$$

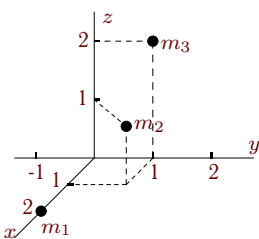
$$J_{xz} = 3,$$

$$J_{yz} = 2,$$

$$J_z = 2.$$

Задача D36.17.

3



$$\varphi = t \sin(t/2),$$

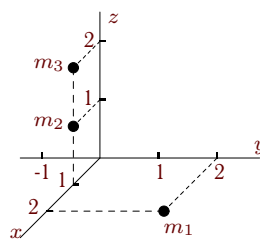
$$J_{xz} = 6,$$

$$J_{yz} = 1,$$

$$J_z = 1.$$

Задача D36.18.

3



$$\varphi = 3t(1+t/2),$$

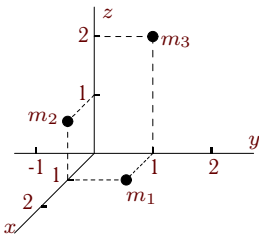
$$J_{xz} = -4,$$

$$J_{yz} = 8,$$

$$J_z = 6.$$

Задача D36.19.

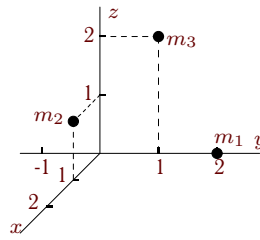
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 5 \ln(1 + t), \\ J_{xz} &= 6, \\ J_{yz} &= 10, \\ J_z &= 9. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.20.

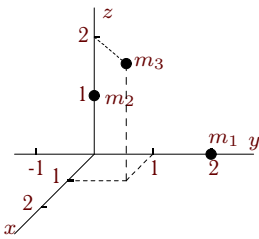
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 2t \ln(1 + t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= 10, \\ J_{yz} &= 9, \\ J_z &= 7. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.21.

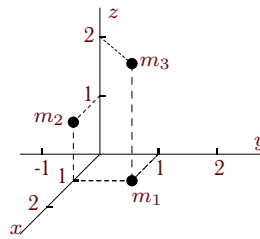
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 3t\sqrt{t+1}, \\ J_{xz} &= 3, \\ J_{yz} &= 12, \\ J_z &= 8. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.22.

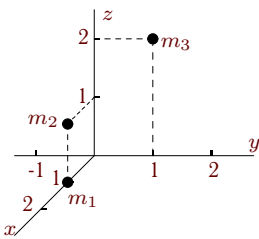
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 4e^t/(t^2 + 1), \\ J_{xz} &= -6, \\ J_{yz} &= 2, \\ J_z &= 6. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.23.

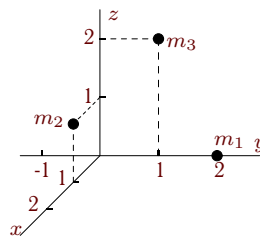
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= t^2 \cos(t), \\ J_{xz} &= 12, \\ J_{yz} &= 12, \\ J_z &= 15. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.24.

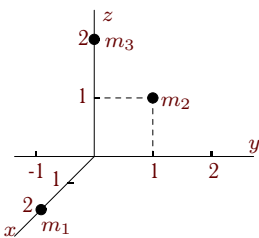
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 3t \sin(2t), \\ J_{xz} &= 10, \\ J_{yz} &= 6, \\ J_z &= 5. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.25.

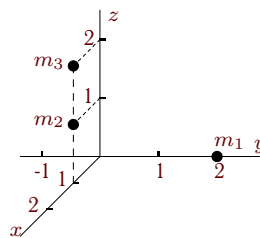
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 2te^{t/2}, \\ J_{xz} &= 4, \\ J_{yz} &= 6, \\ J_z &= 2. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.26.

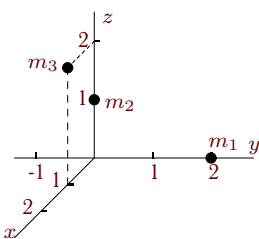
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 5t \sin(2t), \\ J_{xz} &= -2, \\ J_{yz} &= 12, \\ J_z &= 3. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.27.

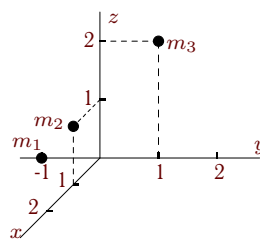
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= 5t/(1 - t/2), \\ J_{xz} &= -4, \\ J_{yz} &= 10, \\ J_z &= 4. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.28.

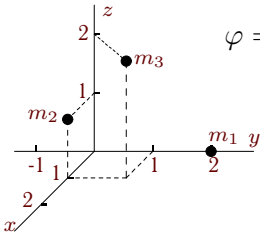
3



$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= t^2 \cos(t), \\ J_{xz} &= 6, \\ J_{yz} &= 3, \\ J_z &= 6. \end{aligned}$$

Задача D36.29.

3



$$\varphi = 4\sqrt{2t+1}/(t+1),$$

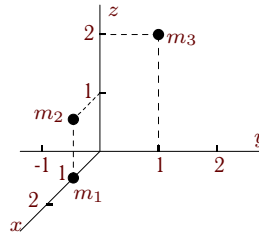
$$J_{xz} = 4,$$

$$J_{yz} = 6,$$

$$J_z = 2.$$

Задача D36.30.

3



$$\varphi = 2\ln(1+t),$$

$$J_{xz} = 1,$$

$$J_{yz} = -2,$$

$$J_z = 6.$$

D36 Ответы.

Теорема об изменении момента количества движения системы

16.09.2012

№	J_{xz}	J_{yz}	J_z	M_x	M_y	M_z	ε	M_0
1	8	9	12	-16	-18	24	2	34
2	1	12	12	-2	-24	24	2	34
3	2	8	16	-10	-40	80	5	90
4	6	12	12	-12	-24	24	2	36
5	3	4	12	-3	-4	12	1	13
6	8	16	16	-24	-48	48	3	72
7	4	20	22	-48	-240	264	12	360
8	8	9	12	8	9	-12	-1	17
9	8	16	16	24	48	-48	-3	72
10	8	16	16	24	48	-48	-3	72
11	8	16	16	-24	-48	48	3	72
12	8	16	16	-32	-64	64	4	96
13	1	12	12	-5	-60	60	5	85
14	9	18	18	-9	-18	18	1	27
15	9	18	18	45	90	-90	-5	135
16	5	10	10	10	20	-20	-2	30
17	8	9	12	-8	-9	12	1	17
18	4	8	19	-12	-24	57	3	63
19	8	16	16	40	80	-80	-5	120
20	12	15	16	-24	-30	32	2	50
21	9	18	18	-27	-54	54	3	81
22	2	8	16	8	32	-64	-4	72
23	14	18	21	-28	-36	42	2	62
24	12	12	14	-144	-144	168	12	264
25	4	8	8	-8	-16	16	2	24
26	6	12	12	-120	-240	240	20	360
27	2	10	11	-10	-50	55	5	75
28	8	9	12	-16	-18	24	2	34
29	12	12	14	48	48	-56	-4	88
30	3	4	12	6	8	-24	-2	26